Welcome!

We are so glad you are here!

We will get started shortly.
In the meantime, we invite you to intentionally enter this space.



Review today's agenda in your folder



Review the lunch options in your folder



Help yourself to hand sanitizer



Silence your cell phone



Grab a snack and coffee, tea or water



Stretch



Contribute to our gratitude board



Take a bio break











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Contribute to our gratitude board



Take a bio break









Healthy Start Regional Meeting

Region 5

Day 1: Monday, May 22 from 9 am-4:30 pm CT







Overview of the Agenda

Kenn L. Harris

Vice President of Engagement & Community Partnerships, Executive Project Director Healthy Start TA & Support Center National Institute for Children's Health Quality (NICHQ)







Land Acknowledgment

We are gathered here today on the ancestral homeland of Ojibwe, Odawa, and Potawatomi peoples.

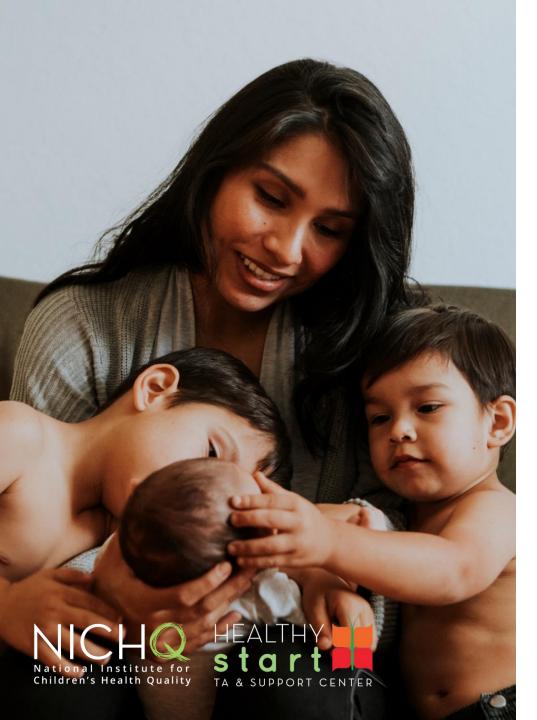
Visit native-land.ca

We invite you to visit this website now to find out on whose land you occupy. We acknowledge that all of us stand upon the homelands of Indigenous peoples who were forcibly displaced by European colonization. This acknowledgment, however, is insufficient without our reckoning with the reality that America has benefited from these Native peoples' displacement. The acknowledgement is empty without our efforts to counter the effects of structures that enabled—and that still perpetuate—injustice against Indigenous Americans. Let's all come into this space, honoring the ancestors and cherishing the generations among us. Thank you.









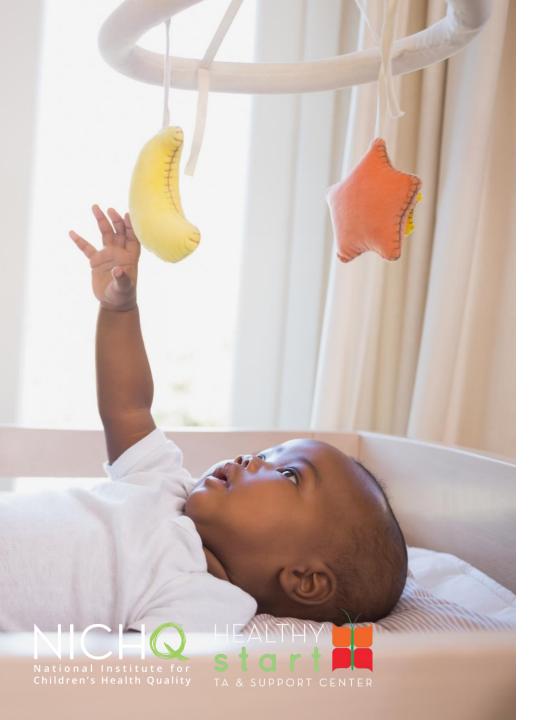
Welcome!

Please feel free to:

- View the agenda in the folder inside your tote bag.
- Review the nearby lunch options in your folder and place an order for delivery or pickup in advance.
- Write your thoughts on our Gratitude Board in the hallway.
- Take a photo with the photographer!

Please also note:

- The TASC team is here to provide support or answer any questions during the meeting.
- The bathrooms are located outside the ballroom to the left.
- We will have the following breaks:
 - Quick break from 10:35-10:45 am
 - Lunch break from 12:45-1:45 pm
 - Quick break from 3:30-3:45 pm
- Coffee and tea will be available in the hall during the quick breaks.



You'll notice stars on your name tags....



Healthy Start Grantees



Speakers



Division of Healthy Start & Perinatal Services



Healthy Start TA & Support Center



Presentation

Timika Anderson-Reeves, PhD, MSW

Project Director Westside Healthy Start

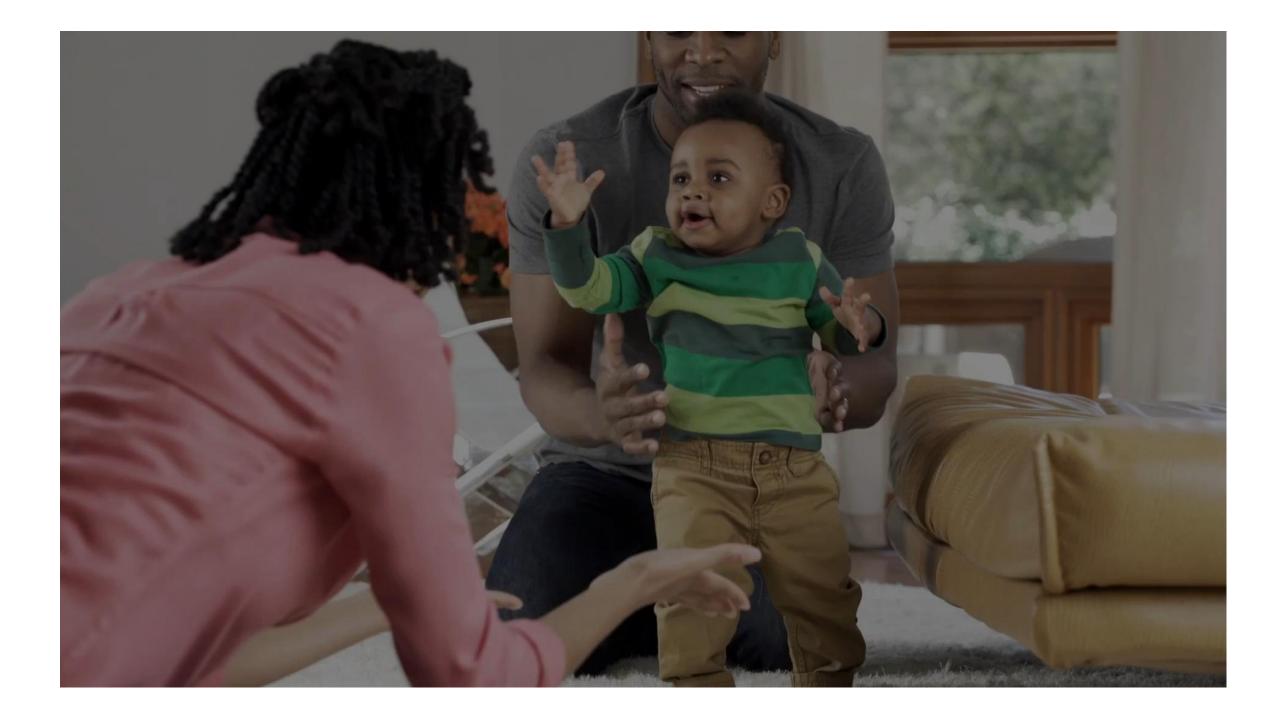
Lisa Sargent-Davis, MA

Project Director SGA Youth & Family Services Healthy Start

















Division of Healthy Start and Perinatal Services Welcome

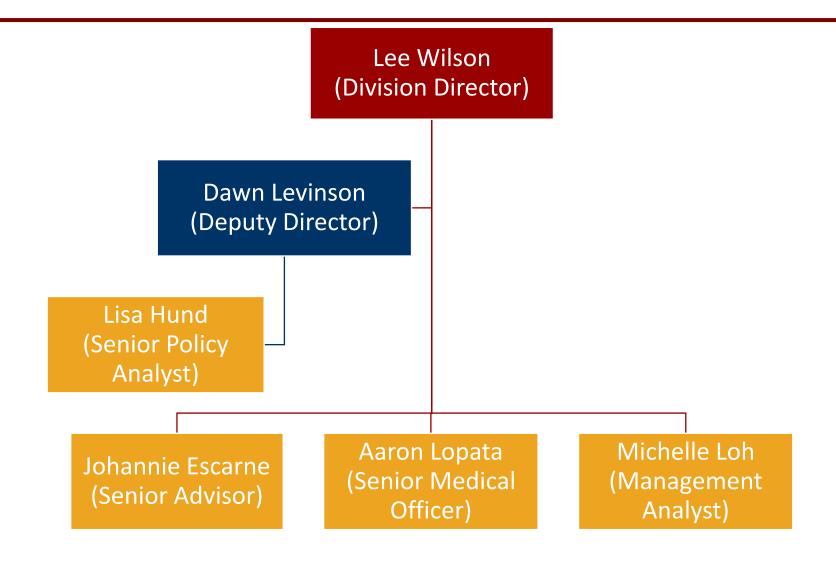
Healthy Start Regional Meetings 2023

Lee Wilson
Director, DHSPS
Maternal and Child Health Bureau (MCHB)

Vision: Healthy Communities, Healthy People



Office of the Director







Healthy Start Branch

Healthy Start Branch

- Benita Baker (Branch Chief)
- Management Analyst (Vacant)

Technical Assistance & Comprehensive Services Team

- Rochelle Logan (Team Lead)
- Kristal Dail (TASC/Nutrition)
- Melodye Watson (IHE/Mental Health)
- Cardors Barnes (TASC/Mentoring)
- Mary Emmanuele (RN/Clinical Health Services)
- Mabatemije Otubu (RN/Clinical Health Services/ Hypertension)
- Simone Esho (Doula)
- India Hunter (Health Equity Scholar)

Planning, Oversight & Program Operations Team

- Mia Morrison (Team Lead)
- Kevin Chapman (TASC/Domestic Violence)
- Brandon Wood (Fatherhood/Fiscal Operations)
- Shontelle Dixon (Reproductive Justice)
- Keri Bean (Homelessness)
- Zaire Graves (Health Equity)
- Efiok Ekorikoh (Rural Health)
- Ardandia Campbell-Williams (Technical Writing)

Data & Evaluation Team

- Ada Determan (Team Lead)
- Dianna Frick (MH Evaluation PM, Mapping Tool)
- Maura Dwyer (HS Evaluation PM)
- Sarah "Lina" Barrett (HSMED PM, HS Data Mailbox, HSMED and DGIS data)
- Peter LaMois (CAREWare PM, Mapping Tool, HSMED and DGIS data)





Maternal and Women's Health Branch

Maternal & Women's Health Branch

Kimberly Sherman (Branch Chief)

Management Analyst (Vacant)

Quality Improvement, Data & Evaluation Team

- Cassandra Phillips (Team Lead)
- Vanessa Lee

 (ACIMM DFO & Catalyst
 PO)
- Kimberly Burnett-Hoke (Hotline & HS Evaluation COR)
- Physician/Medical Officer (Vacant)

Systems Improvement Team

- Lud Abigail
 Duchatelier-Jeudy
 (Team Lead)
- Martha "Sonsy" Fermin (MHI, MDRDB, FASD PO)
- Sandra Sayegh (MHLIC & MHI PO)
- Sarah Meyerholz (MHI PO & ACIMM)





DHSPS FY23 Appropriations

State Maternal Health Innovation (\$55M)

Healthy Start (\$145M)

Integrated Maternal Health Services (\$10M)

Screening and Treatment for Maternal Depression (\$10M)

Alliance for Innovation on Maternal Health (\$15.3M)

Maternal Mental Health Hotline (\$7M)





DHSPS FY23 Funding Opportunities

| Program Name | Number of Awards | Award Amount | Closing Date |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|---------------|
| Alliance for Innovation on Maternal Health (AIM) Capacity | 29 | Up to \$200,000 | May 9, 2023 |
| Alliance for Innovation on Maternal Health (AIM) Technical Assistance (TA) Center | 1 | Up to \$3 Million | May 9, 2023 |
| Integrated Maternal Health Services (IMHS) | 5 | Up to \$1.8 Million | May 24, 2023 |
| Screening and Treatment for Maternal Mental Health and Substance Use Disorders | 14 | Up to \$750,000 | June 2, 2023 |
| State Maternal Health Innovation Program | 22 | Up to \$2 Million | June 2, 2023 |
| Healthy Start Initiative - Enhanced | 10 | Up to \$1 Million | July 17, 2023 |

Current and Future Work

MCHB MISSION

To improve the health and well-being of America's mothers, children, and families.

MCHB VISION

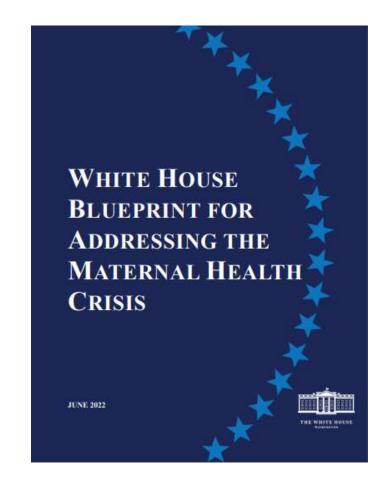
An America where all mothers, children, and families are thriving and reach their full potential.

Assure access to high-quality and equitable health services to optimize health and well-being for all MCH populations.

GOAL 2 Achieve health equity for MCH populations.

GOAL 3 Strengthen public health capacity and workforce for MCH.

GOAL 4 Maximize impact through leadership, partnership, and stewardship.









Contact Information

Lee Wilson

Director, Division of Healthy Start and Perinatal Services

Maternal and Child Health Bureau (MCHB)

Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA)

Email: lwilson@hrsa.gov

Phone: 301-443-0940

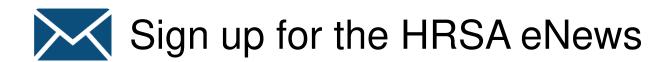
Web: mchb.hrsa.gov



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Division of Healthy Start & Perinatal Services Updates

Grantee Regional Meetings

Mia Morrison, MPH
Supervisory Public Health Analyst
Division of Healthy Start and Perinatal Services

Vision: Healthy Communities, Healthy People



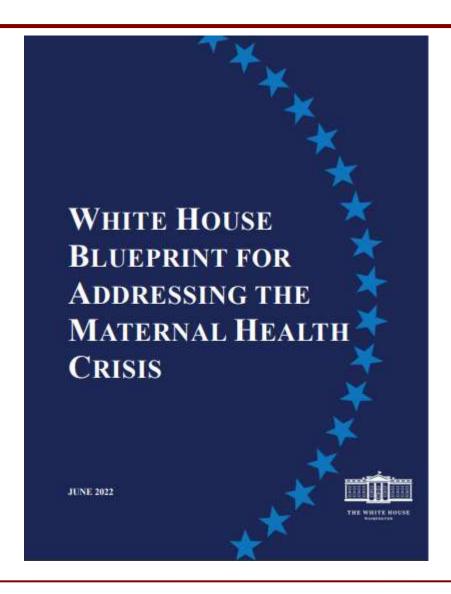
Division Updates

- Mission Informed Work: White House Blueprint for Addressing the Maternal Health Crisis
- DHSPS's Response to the Blueprint
 - Community Based Doula Supplement
 - Catalyst for Infant Health Equity
 - Healthy Start Cuff Kit Pilot Program
 - Benefits Bundle Pilot Program
- Lessons Learned from Engagement Activities
 - IHE Convenings
 - Grantee Listening Sessions
 - Request for Information
- Future Priorities
 - Divers for Infant Mortality





Mission Informed: White House Blueprint





Administration

Driorities

IEFING ROOM

FACT SHEET: President Biden's and Vice President Harris's Maternal Health Blueprint Delivers for Women, Mothers, and Families

JUNE 24, 2022 · STATEMENTS AND RELEASES

Today, the White House released the Biden-Harris Administration's <u>Blueprint</u> for Addressing the Maternal Health Crisis, a whole-of-government approach to combatting maternal mortality and morbidity. For far too many mothers, complications related to pregnancy, childbirth, and postpartum can lead to devastating health outcomes — including hundreds of deaths each year. This maternal health crisis is particularly devastating for Black women, Native women, and women in rural communities who all experience maternal mortality and morbidity at significantly higher rates than their white and urban counterparts.

Under President Biden and Vice President Harris's leadership, this

A description of a second philosophy which have been been dear from the second part of th





WHITE HOUSE BLUEPRINT FOR ADDRESSING THE MATERNAL HEALTH CRISIS

Maternal Health Actions Goal 4

Expand and Diversify the Perinatal Workforce

Our maternal health workforce is under-resourced and not representative of our country's diversity. Given the known benefits of culturally appropriate care, recruiting and training providers from diverse communities is paramount. To address the gaps in our perinatal workforce, we will increase the number of physicians, licensed midwives, doulas, and community health workers in underserved communities.

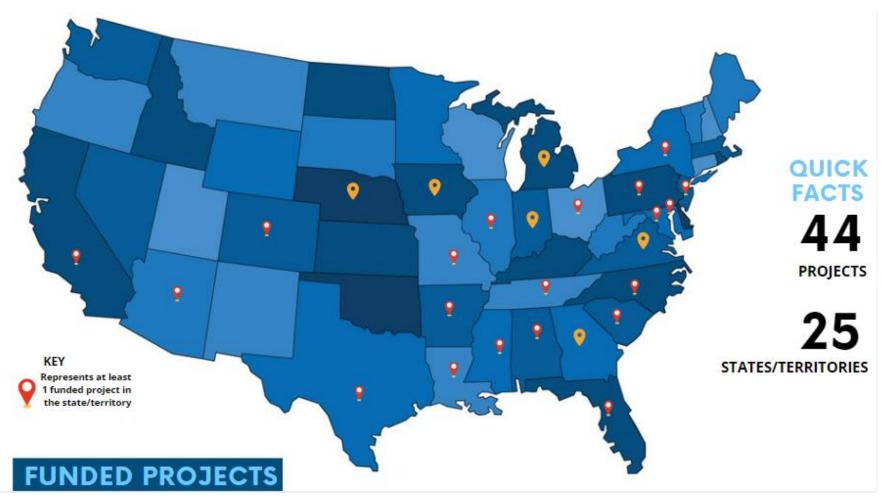


Community Based Doula Supplement

Community Based Doulas Supplement:

The purpose of this supplement is to increase the availability of doulas in Healthy Start service areas, which are those communities most affected by poor infant and maternal health outcomes







Doula Supplement: What We're Learning From the Field



NEEDS ASSESSMENTS



CULTURAL RESPONSIVENESS



COLLABORATION



INNOVATION





WHITE HOUSE BLUEPRINT FOR ADDRESSING THE MATERNAL HEALTH CRISIS

Maternal Health Actions Goal 5.2

Address the social determinants of maternal health.

Fund community-based organizations to support projects to expand maternal mental health access, develop community needs assessments in consultation with pregnant and postpartum individuals in local communities, increase access to effective digital tools to expand and enhance maternal health care, and expand models that train maternal health care providers and students on how to address implicit bias and racism and screen for social determinants of health.



National Maternal Mental Health Hotline



Catalyst for Infant Health Equity

Purpose

 To support the implementation of existing action plans that apply data-driven policy and innovative systems strategies to reduce IM disparities and prevent excess infant deaths.

Objectives

- Action Plan Implementation
- Strategic Partnerships
- Outcome Evaluation

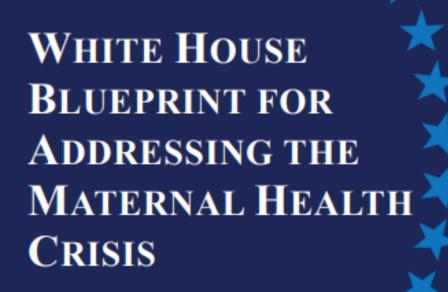


Goals

- To decrease and ultimately eliminate disparities in IM across racial/ethnic groups by achieving steeper declines for groups with the highest rates; and
- To continue reducing overall infant mortality (IM) rates in the United States.







Maternal Health Actions Goal 5.1

Strengthen Economic and Social Supports for People Before, During, and After Pregnancy

Streamline enrollment in benefit programs for housing, child care, financial assistance, and food by building better linkages between these programs so that pregnant and postpartum women can more easily obtain services that address their needs outside the doctor's office

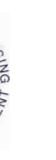


Benefits Bundle Pilot

The Benefits Bundle project represents a joint effort between HRSA/MCHB and the Office of Management and Budget (OMB)/United States Digital Service (USDS). Other partners include USDA, DOE, HUD, and ACF, all working to improve the experiences of low-income families navigating the years from birth to age five (0-5).











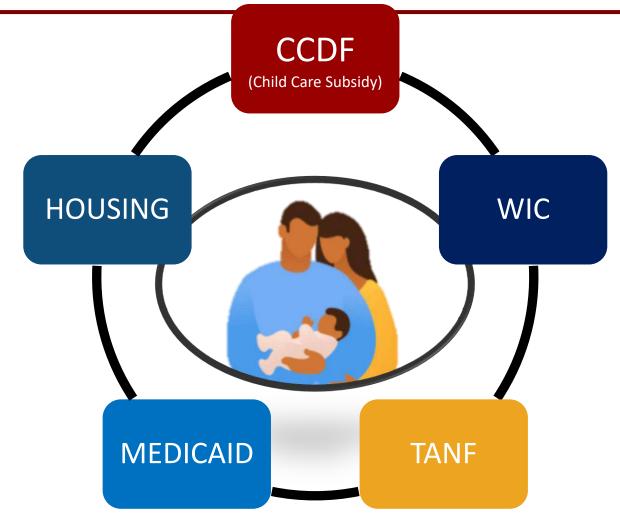




Benefits Bundle Pilot

What is the goal of the Benefits Bundle Pilot?

The goal of the Benefits Bundle Pilot is to support Healthy Start (HS) grantees in adopting and implementing peer-, communityand/or workforce-based models to improve family experiences in benefits navigation and beyond.







WHITE HOUSE BLUEPRINT FOR ADDRESSING THE MATERNAL HEALTH CRISIS

Maternal Health Actions Goal 1.7

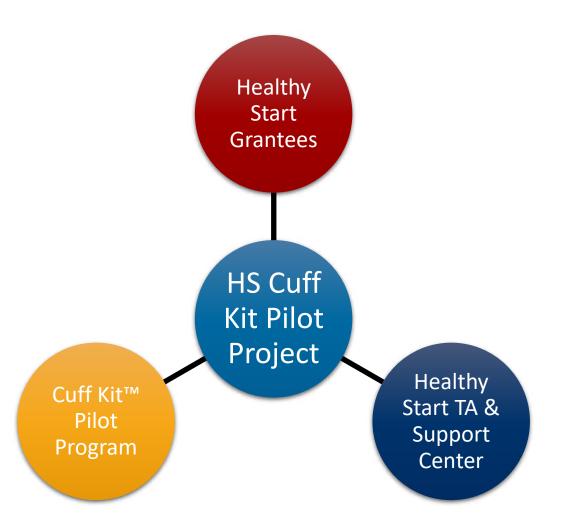
• Improve quality of care provided to pregnant and postpartum women with or at risk for hypertensive disorders of pregnancy by disseminating self-measured blood pressure monitoring tools and resources for obstetrical providers, primary care professionals, and the pregnant and postpartum women they serve.



Blood Pressure Cuff Kit Pilot Project

Purpose

To ascertain the value of providing Blood Pressure Cuff Kits to Healthy Start communities.









Cuff Kit Pilot Project

Objectives:

- To measure the value of having a BP cuff in the house to support the HS participant in monitoring their BP.
- To support the HS participant in tracking and sharing BP readings with care providers.
- To **determine** how having a BP cuff in the home may result to broader utilization (e.g., partners, parents).









Lessons Learned: Infant Health Equity Convenings

1

How Do We Improve? Advancing MCH resources across all communities with a focus on health equity

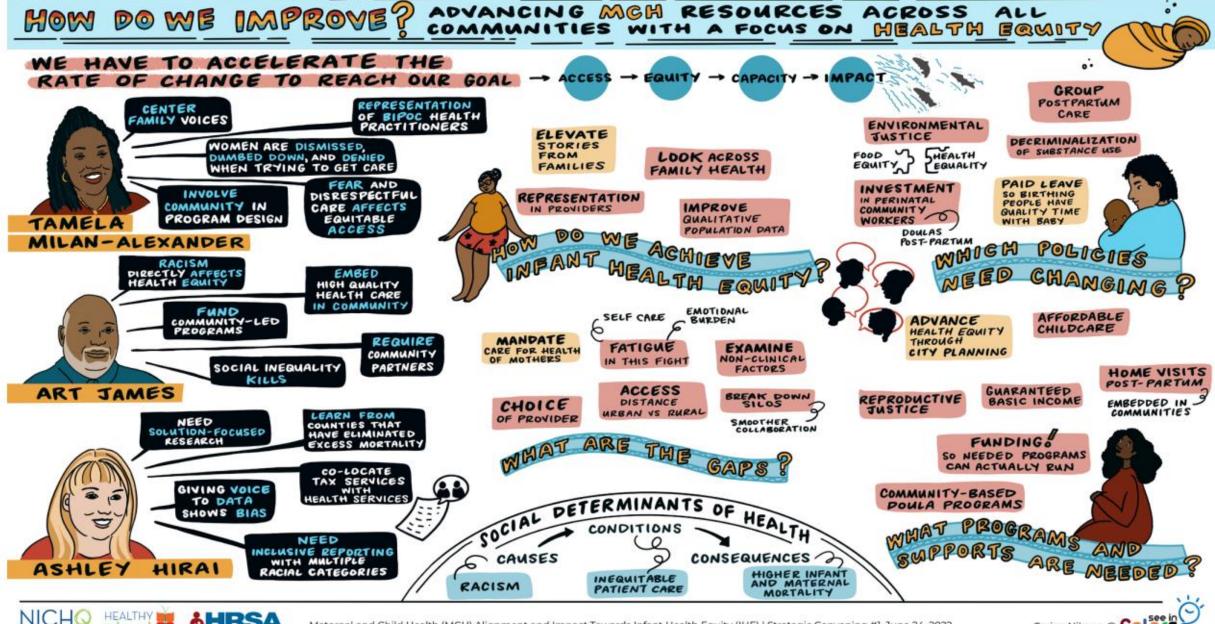
What Barriers Do We Face? Investing resources, improving community health and addressing inequities created by systemic and structural racism

What Is the Data Telling Us? Engaging communities in data collection efforts to drive advancements in equity and measure progress.

4

What Did We Learn? What Actions Can We Take? Final convening for all MCH community members







Maternal & Child Health

TA A SUPPOST CENTER

COVID'S IMPACT: and POTENTIAL SOLUTIONS

TC-SECTIONS LET COMMUNITY EXISTING LESS NAME NEEDS REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH BARRIER ACCESS MADE WORSE! DATA & HOW WE ASK INCREASED

COVID 19 LABOR DELNERY &SCREENINGS KNOWLEDGE HOW WE UNDERSTAND OF BENEFITS LOTS OF WHAT WE ARE ARE ENTITLED ISDUATION APPTS to as PATIENTS

ACCESS to TECHNOLOGY: SCARCITY RESILIENCE BUILDING SHIFTING to (ECODED)

HARDWARE (\$\$\$) LACK of HOSPITAL POLICIES CHANGED W/O EXPLANATION TRUST TRANSPORTATION ISSUES POLARIZATION of HC/POLITICS

SOCID-ECONOMIC FACTORS

INCLUDE OTHER STRESS FACTORS

HOUSING, ENVIRONMENTAL, POLICING, GUN VIOLENCE, GANG VIOLENCE, LOSS and DEATH, GRIEF, TRAUMA, MENTAL

HEALTH, DRUGS, EDUCATION, TRAINING SCHOOL DISTRICT CHANGES, etc



MCH RESOURCES: HOW to USE STRATEGICALLY ADVANCE HEALTH EQUITY



COMMUNITY AT TABLE

COMMITMENTS and PARTNERSHIPS

REVIEWING STRUCTURES

PUBLIC FUNDING

COMPENSATION YOU TIMES CONTRIBUTION



COMPETENT and DIVERSE WORKERS WALK the RESPEC

TRAINING - DOING HE HIRING : WHAT HE EXPERIENCE JOB DESCRIPTIONS WILL ED PERS

EXPERIENCED LIVED = ED REQS (

PEVIEWING WA LENS - EQUITY: - DOES PROCESS RESPECT

LANGUAGE

in JOB DESCRIPTIONS

NORMALIZE BLACK CULTURAL FASHION AS "PROFESSIO

- PAY SCALE EQUITY PATHWAYS

STAFF RETENTION

COMMITMENTS

TALK MY DIVERSITY

NON-TRADITIONAL COMPENSATION



MEDICAL

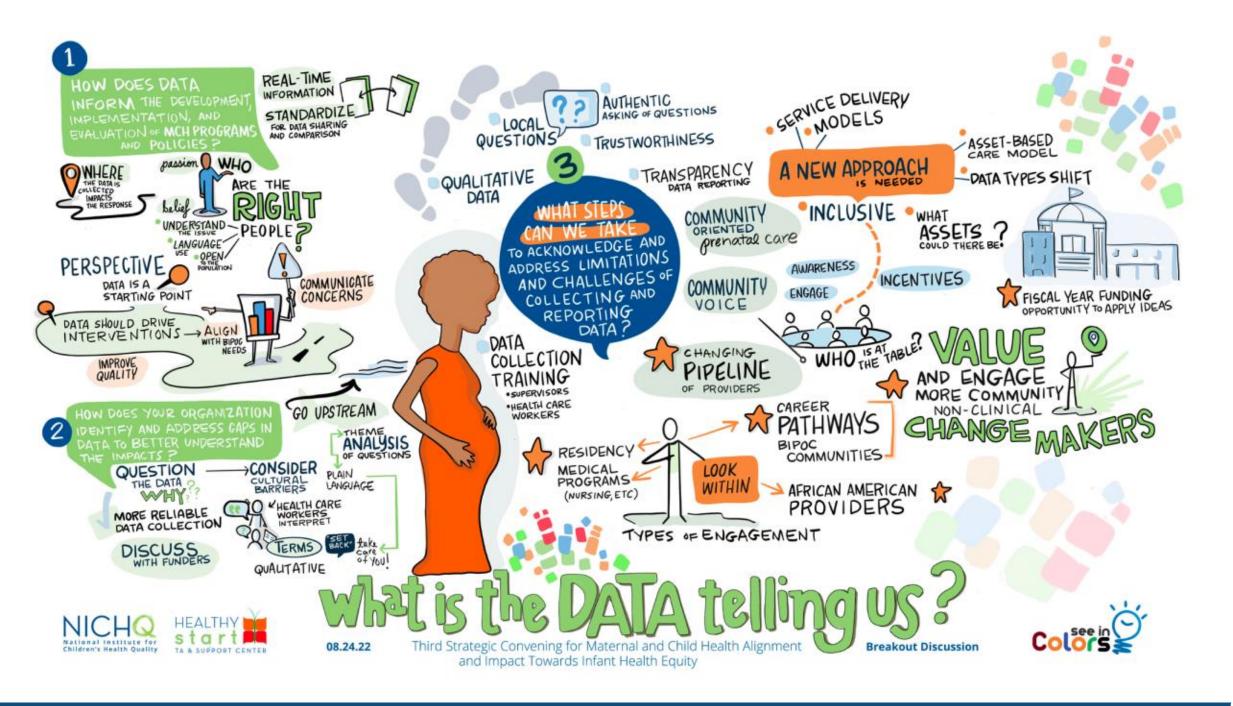
DISCRIMINATION MIDWIFERY and











WHAT COOKE LEARN? WHAT ACTIONS CAN HE TAKE?

MD, MPH, FAAP, ASSOCIATE ADMINISTRATOR, MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH BUREAU, HRSA

TO ACHIEVE EQUITY, WE NEED

to MAKE IT POSSIBLE for on ADDITIONAL

to MAKE it to their FIRST BIRTHDAY.

RECION

5

PROJECT

3.727 BABIES

-30 YR LAGOF SURVIVAL RATES

INFANT MORTALITY PATE to 5.0 %



ONE SIZE FITS ALL



21K BABIES DIE

RACIAL BACKGROUND INFLUENCES SURVIVAL OUTCOMES

HEALTH4 HEALTH START DOULA SUPPLEMENT

INFANT MOR TALITY EQUITY LEARNING COMMUNITIES

Tin NOT MOST DUNTIES

WAYNE CO. M COOK CO, IL HOUSTON, TX



STATES with

UNDERSTAND COMMUNITY

COALS UNDERSTAND GAPS and

ENSURE

SYSTEMS for HC WORKERS

COLLECTION RESEARCH



ACCELERATING

MOTHER/INFANT









CHOWELEARN? WHAT ACTIONS CAN WE TAKE?







DIDWELLEARN? WHAT ACTIONS CAN WE TAKE?



E UNDRESS.

APPRECIATION, TRUST, and UNCONDITIONAL LOVE

- ADVOCATE AN BLACK PATIENTS
 SUPPORT BLACK PRACTITIONERS
- CHAMPION INSTITUTIONAL CHANGE WELCOME BLACK WISDOM in CARE









Action Steps for Strengthening the MCH Workforce

Create a pipeline from the community to MCH careers to ensure the workforce is representative of service area

Create systems of support for MCH staff

Ensure pay equity for the MCH workforce





Action Steps for Addressing Upstream Drivers of Inequity

Prioritize and amplify mothers, fathers, and communities' lived experiences

Break down silos and expand programmatic reach beyond clinical settings

Expand efforts to address non-clinical needs, including economic/occupation segregation, housing instability, food insecurity, transportation





Action Steps for Revising Funding Practices

Bolster support for community-based, community-driven organizations

Strengthen relationships between the community and funding institutions

Create systems of accountability





Action Steps for Enhancing Data Collection and Utilization

Invest in resources to expand the current understanding of maternal and infant health outcomes

Rethink what kind of data to collect

Strengthen utilization of data

Strengthen community engagement in data collection





Lessons Learned: Grantee Listening Sessions



Addressing Social and Structural Determinants of Health



Increasing Grantee Flexibility



Reducing Grantee Burden





Grantee Listening Sessions – Increasing Grantee Flexibility

Community Level
Flexibility to address the main drivers of infant mortality within the project area and target population

Participant Level

Flexibility to customize the types and intensity of services





Grantee Listening Session – Addressing SSDOH

Increased emphasis on upstream interventions

Increased emphasis on addressing SSDOH for Healthy Start participants

Increased emphasis around activities that address racism and bias





Grantee Listening Sessions- Reducing Grantee Burden

Consider strategies to support Healthy Start staff retention

Consider requirements for number served - quality over quantity

Reduce data collection and reporting burden

Clarify program requirements (e.g., clinical funding, CAN activities)





Healthy Start Request for Information – Initial Takeaways

Recommendations for HRSA:

- Increase the emphasis on addressing SSDOH impacting Healthy Start communities:
 - Need for multiple strategies (e.g., educating providers, housing, transportation, public/private partnerships, mental health, CANs).
- Support Healthy Start programs to address racism and bias in health care through education and training, family engagement and developing crosssector partnerships.
- Consider the needs of rural communities in Healthy Start program design.
- Recognition of the value in a single Healthy Start data base and the challenges switching to a new database may pose for some grantees.
 - Recommendations on improvements to CAREWare.



Continued Priorities – Addressing the Key Drivers of Infant Mortality

Leading Causes of Infant Mortality

| Infant deaths and mortality rates for the top 5 leading causes of death for African Americans, 2020 |
|---|
| (Rates per 100 000 live births) |

| Cause of Death (By rank) | # Non- Hispanic Black Deaths | Non-Hispanic Black Death Rate | # Non- Hispanic White Deaths | Non-Hispanic White Death Rate | Non-Hispanic Black / Non- Hispanic White |
|---|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | | | | | Ratio |
| (1) Low birthweight | 1,136 | 214.4 | 1,040 | 56.4 | 3.8 |
| (2) Congenital malformations | 705 | 133.1 | 1, 976 | 107.2 | 1.2 |
| (3) Sudden infant death syndrome (SIDS) | 472 | 89.1 | 563 | 30.5 | 2.9 |
| (4) Accidents (unintentional injuries) | 375 | 70.8 | 547 | 29.7 | 2.3 |
| (5) Maternal Complications | 337 | 63.6 | 370 | 20.1 | 3.2 |

Source: CDC 2022. Infant Mortality Statistics from the 2020 Period Linked Birth/Infant Death Data Set. National Vital Statistics Reports. Table 2.

https://stacks.cdc.gov/view/cdc/120700







Continued Priorities – Addressing the Key Drivers of Infant Mortality

| Causes of Infant Mortality (examples) | | Community Action Networks | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| | | Screening | Navigation | Education | Clinical Care/Support Services | | |
| • | Chronic diseases (e.g., hypertension, diabetes) Obesity Infections | Insurance statusChronic conditions | Referrals to providers Addressing barriers to accessing prenatal care (e.g., transportation) | Importance of prenatal carePrenatal care schedule | Prenatal careClinical careMidwifery | | |
| • | Alcohol, tobacco and other Drugs (ATOD) Mental health conditions Intimate partner violence (IPV) | Screening for drug use Depression screening IPV screening | Referral to behavioral health (e.g., mental health therapy) Tobacco cessation Substance use disorder treatment Resources and services for IPV (e.g., legal, emergency housing) | Perinatal depression ATOD cessation Healthy relationships | Behavioral health | | |
| • | Unsafe sleep practices Preventable injuries | Discussions with trusted Healthy Start staff | Referrals for pack and playsHousing | Preconception educationParenting education | | | |
| • | Racism and discrimination Toxic, chronic stress | Discussions with trusted Healthy Start staff | Linkage to culturally responsive care and support | Social/peer support: group classes/gatherings | Doula servicesCulturally responsive care | | |
| • | Environmental toxins Exposure to air pollution and lead | Lead screening | HousingLegal | Lead exposure preventionTenant rights | Treatment for lead exposureOccupational therapy 56 | | |

Future Priorities

- Strengthening approaches to address upstream factors impacting perinatal health
- Investing in organizations that are the trusted experts in their communities
- Strengthening family and community engagement
- Increasing flexibility
- Reducing grantee burden



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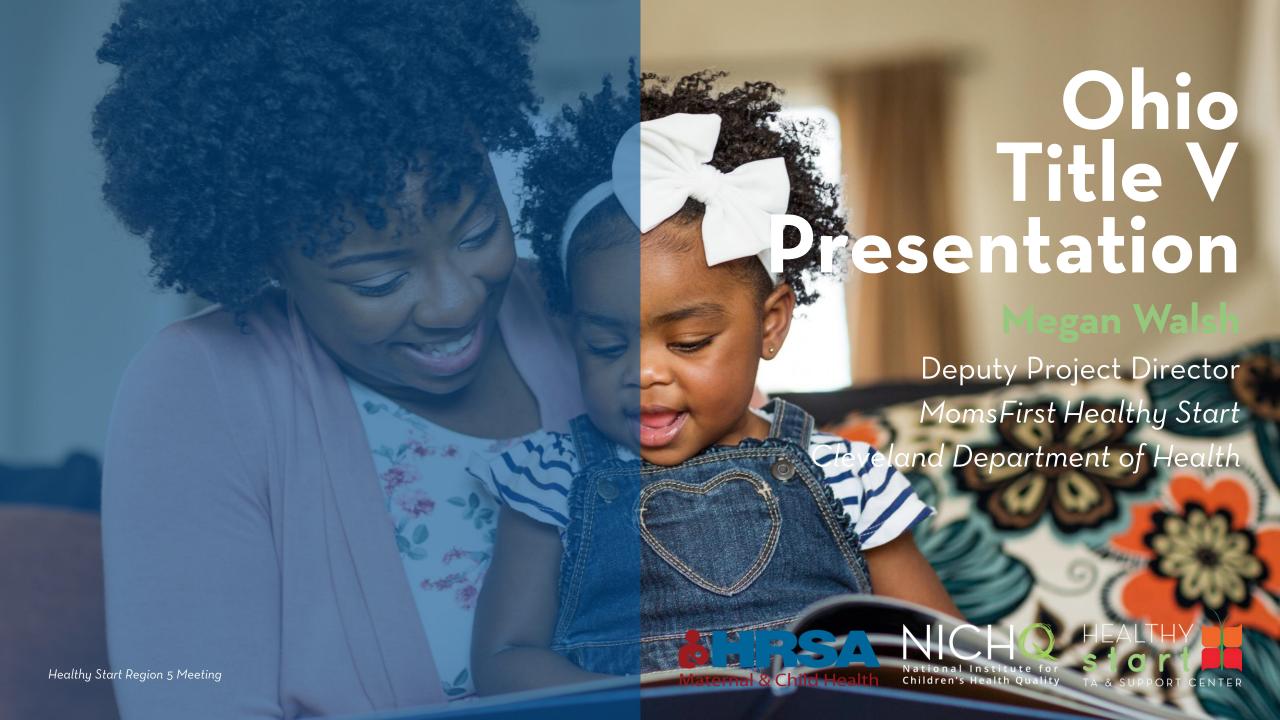












Healthy Start Regional Meeting



CoIIN

- Ohio participated in the Social Determinants of Health (SDOH) CollN 2018-2020.
- Project goal: Define the Ohio Equity Initiative (OEI) role in addressing the social determinants of health, each OEI will implement at least one policy and/or practice at the local level which will directly impact determinants of health impacting birth outcomes by Spring 2020.
- Progress: The Ohio Equity Initiative grant was re-designed in 2019 to address the biggest drivers of inequities in poor birth outcomes and infant mortality in the 10 counties with the greatest racial disparities.



Title V MCH Block Grant Action Plan Priorities 2021-2025

Women & Maternal

Infant

Child

Adolescent

Children and Youth with Special Health Care Needs

- -Decrease risk factors contributing to maternal morbidity.
- -Increase mental health support for women of reproductive age. -Decrease risk
- -Decrease risk factors associated with preterm births.

- -Support healthy pregnancies and improve birth and infant outcomes.
- -Improve nutrition, physical activity, and overall wellness of children.
- -Increase developmental approaches and improve systems to reduce the adolescent and young adult suicide rate.
- -Increase protective factors and improve systems to reduce risk factors associated with the prevalence of adolescent substance use.

-Increase the prevalence of children with special healthcare needs receiving integrated physical, behavioral, developmental, and mental health services.

Cross-Cutting/Systems Building Priorities

- -Prevent and mitigate the effects of adverse childhood experiences.
- -Improve healthy equity by addressing community and social conditions and reduce environmental hazards that impact infant and child health outcomes.

MCH Domains and NPMs

Women/Maternal Health

• **NPM 1**: Percent of women ages 18-44 with a preventive medical visit in the past year.

Perinatal/Infant Health

- NPM 4: Percent of infants, A) who are ever breastfeed; B) are breastfed exclusively through 6 months.
- **NPM 5:** Percent of infants, A) placed to sleep on their backs; B) placed to sleep on a separate approved sleep surface; C) placed to sleep without soft objects or loose bedding.

Child Health

 NPM 6: Percent of children ages 9-35 months who received a developmental screening using a parentcompleted screening tool in past year.

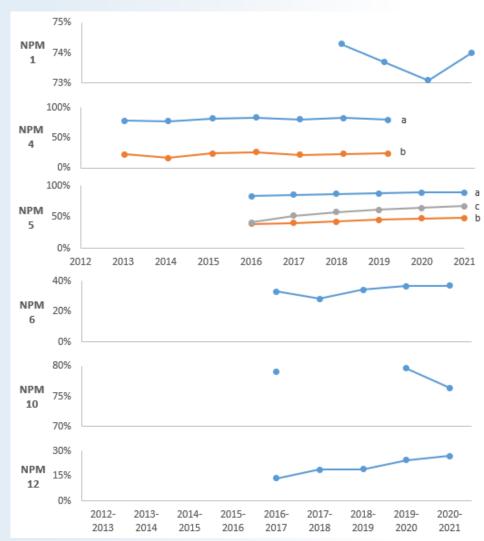
Adolescent Health

• **NPM 10:** Percent of adolescents ages 12-17 with a preventive medical visit in the past year.

Children with Special Health Care Needs (CYSHCN)

• **NPM 12**: Percent of adolescents with special health care needs ages 12-17 who received services necessary to make transitions to adult healthcare.

Cross-Cutting



Update on SPMs

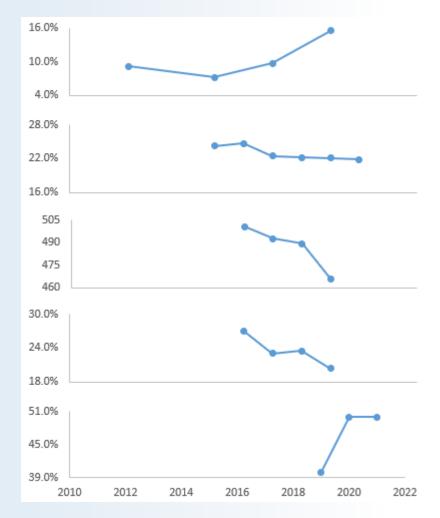
SPM 1: Percent of women ages 19-44 who had unmet mental healthcare or counseling needs in the past year.

SPM 2: Percent of women ages 18-44 who smoke.

SPM 3: Rate of emergency department visits and hospitalizations for nonfatal intentional self harm among adolescents ages 15-19, per 100,000.

SPM 4: Percent of children ages 0-17 who have experienced 2 or more adverse childhood experiences.

SPM 5: Percent of performance measures that include at least one strategy focused on social determinants of health, at-risk populations, or health disparities.



Process for identifying ESMs

Population Domains:

- Women/Maternal Health.
- Perinatal/Infant Health.
- Child Health.
- Adolescent Health.
- Children with Special Health Care Needs (CYSHCN).
- Cross-Cutting.

- Percent of birthing hospitals that have implemented the AIM hypertension bundle.
- Percent of birthing hospitals receiving recognition from Ohio First Steps for Healthy Babies.
- Percent of children, ages 1 through 66 months, receiving home visiting services who have received a developmental screening.
- Percent of Ohio schools that have a schoolbased health center that offers health services to students.
- Percent of CSHCN ages 12-17 enrolled in CMH with a transition plan in place.
- N/A for Cross-Cutting.

Involvement of Healthy Start Programs

- Utilize similar definitions (e.g. performance benchmarks for Healthy Start and MIECHV).
- Require collaboration, with some guidance, for all funding sources.
- Consider how local-to-federal and federal-to-state strategies are different and similar and share rationale with grantees.
- Regularly convene grantees/program officers to discuss collaboration/alignment opportunities.





Healthy Start Regional Meeting

Kenmikiiya M. Terry
Maternal and Infant Mortality Prevention Unit Supervisor
May 22, 2023

MCH Population Domains National Performance Measures

- Women/Maternal
 - Well Women Visit (NPM 01)
- Children
 - Developmental Screening (NPM 06)
 - Physical Activity, 6 through 11 years (NPM 08.1)
- Children & Youth With Special Health Care Needs
 - Medical Home (NPM 11)
 - Youth Health Transition (NPM 12)

State Performance Measures (SPMs)

- Infant/Perinatal
 - African American Infant Mortality (SPM01)
 - High Quality Perinatal Care (SPM02)
- Children
 - Adolescent Health

State-Initiated Evidence-Based or Evidence-Informed Strategy Measures (ESMs)

- Identified staff to lead the action plan development of each performance measure we identified.
- Led root cause analysis activities, developed clear 5-year objectives for each performance measure, and reviewed both current work and evidence-based strategies.
- Gathered input from community members, partner agencies, and other stakeholders was solicited in order to inform strategy development.

ESMs continued

State-Initiated Evidence-Based or Evidence-Informed Strategy Measures (ESMs)

Establish regular meetings between Title V Maternal and Child Health Block Grant coordinator, Title V epidemiologist and evaluator, and performance measure lead staff to:

- Assess the action plan.
- Address emerging needs of our Wisconsin communities.
- Determine the effectiveness of strategies in order to refine and update our plans in an effort to implement relevant, effective activities that will positively impact the health of our communities.

Healthy Start Program & DHS Partnering

Additional coordinating activities:

- Attend the DHS Maternal and Infant Mortality Unit annual Gathering.
- Subscribe to the DHS Maternal and Infant Mortality Unit mailing list.
- Maintain regular contact and information sharing with the Maternal and Infant Mortality Unit.



On behalf of the Michigan Department of Health and Human Services (MDHHS) Division of Maternal and Infant Health and the Michigan Title V Maternal Child Health Block Grant Program, I would like to thank the Michigan Healthy Start Programs for their longstanding commitment to serving pregnant and postpartum individuals, infants/toddlers and families of Michigan. The HRSA Healthy Start grantees are longstanding advocates for and ground breakers of achieving birth equity. Healthy Start Programs are shining examples of the force of collective impact and the power of grass roots mobilization.

